

Department of Mathematics and Statistics

MATH 222: Calculus III

Written Assignment 1

Due in class Friday October 4, 2002

Justify all of your assertions

1. (a) Determine whether the following series converge or diverge.

$$(i) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{\sqrt{n+1}}, \quad (ii) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n(n+6)}{(n+1)(n+3)(n+5)}.$$

- (b) Find the values of p for which the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^p}$$

is convergent.

2. (a) Let

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(x-3)^n}{5^n \sqrt{n^3}},$$

defined on the interval of convergence I of the series. Find I and the radius of convergence R of the series.

- (b) Find a power series representation of $f'(x)$. For which values of x is this representation valid?

3. (a) Expand

$$f(x) = \frac{x+x^2}{(1-x)^3}$$

as a power series. [Hint: Write $f(x)$ as $\frac{x}{(1-x)^3} + \frac{x^2}{(1-x)^3}$.]

- (b) Use part (a) to find the sum of the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{2^n}.$$

4. Given the curve $C: \vec{r}(t) = (t+1, \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{2}t^{\frac{3}{2}} + 362, \frac{1}{2}t^2)$, ($t > 0$), find

- (a) the equation of the tangent line to C at $t = 1$;
(b) the arc length of C between $t = 1$ and $t = 2$.

Estimated time for completion of this assignment is 90 minutes.